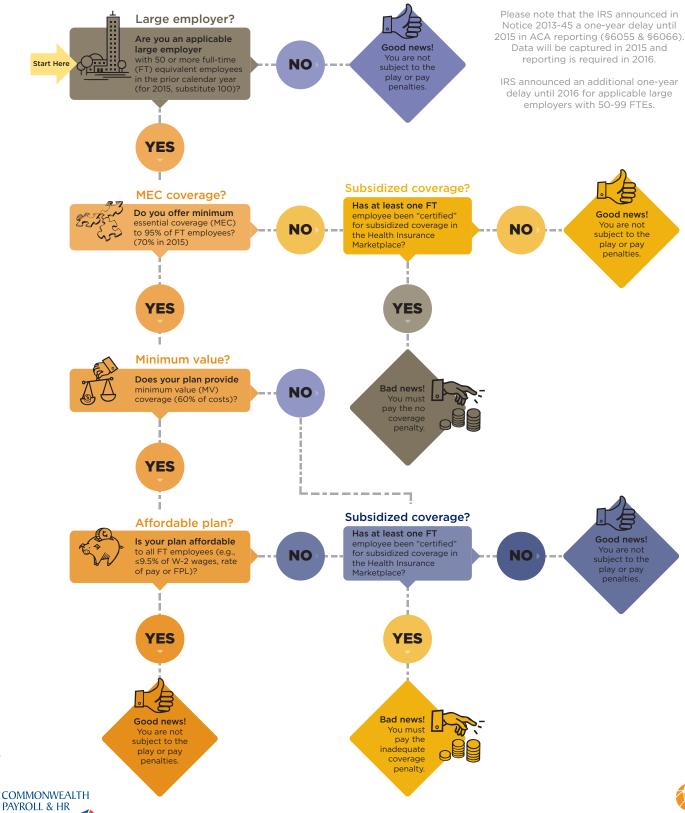


# **Shared Responsibility for Employers**

The Affordable Care Act (ACA)



## Shared Responsibility for Employers

The Affordable Care Act (ACA)

### Issues & Guidance Key Question Significant Guidance Important Issues • Full-time (FT) employees average 30+ hours/week (130 hours/month) • Internal Revenue Code (IRC) §4980H FT status involves measurement, administrative & stability periods • Final Shared Responsibility Regulations Part-time (PT) employees count as full-time equivalents (FTEs) (February 10, 2014) All employers in a controlled group count as a single employer Employees working in foreign locations do not count Seasonal worker exception applies if at or above 50 for ≤120 days Each month, add FT employees & FTEs, total all 12 months, divide by 12 • MEC must be offered to 95% of FT employees (70% in 2015) • IRC §4980H If <95%, MEC must be offered to all but 5 or fewer FT employees • IRC §5000A(f) "minimum essential coverage" (MEC) to 95% of FT Spousal coverage is NOT required; for 2015, dependent coverage is NOT • Final Shared Responsibility Regulations required if safe harbor met (February 10, 2014) The monthly no coverage penalty is equal to $2,000 \times 1/12 \times 4$ of months x employees (70% in 2015)? (# of FT - 30 [- 80 for 2015]) \$2,000 applicable payment amount increases annually At least one FT employee must be certified for subsidized coverage in the • IRC §4980H Marketplace Final Health Insurance Premium Tax To qualify for the subsidy, individual's household income must be ≤400% of Credit Regulations (May 23, 2012) federal poverty line (FPL), no Medicaid/Medicare, no coverage through • 60% threshold is commonly known as bronze level coverage • IRC §36B(c) An appropriate portion of employer HRA & HSA contributions may be • IRC §4980H Does your plan provide "minimum value" coverage (60% of costs)? included in the minimum value calculation Final Shared Responsibility Regulations Three methods exist for determining minimum value: (February 10, 2014) o Minimum value calculator, provided by HHS o Design-based safe harbor checklist, to be issued by federal agencies o Actuarial certification • Affordability is based on prior year's W-2 wages (Box 1) & current year's • IRC §36B(c) amount of lowest cost, self-only coverage that provides minimum value IRC §4980H • Two other affordability safe harbors are based on rate of pay & FPL • Final Shared Responsibility Regulations The monthly inadequate coverage penalty is equal to the LESSER of: (February 10, 2014) o \$3,000 x 1/12 x # of months x # of FT receiving Marketplace subsidy OR o \$2,000 x 1/12 x # of months x (# of FT - 30 [ -80 in 2015]) • \$2,000 & \$3,000 applicable payment amounts increase annually Examples Key Result Rationale Important Facts • Employer has 39 FT employees Employer is NOT subject to play or pay tax penalties Employer has 2 PT employees, each of whom works 15 • Employer averages 66 FT employees: ((39 + .5 + .5) x 8) + ((39 + .5 + .5 + 80) x 4) / 12 = ((40 x 8) + (120 x 4)) / 12 = (320 + 480) / 12 = 800 / 12 = 66.5 ≈ 66 hours per week

## Good news! No penalty

Employer has 80 FT seasonal workers who work 4 months per year

### Bad news! No coverage penalty applies

- · Employer is an applicable large employer with two companies in controlled group (A: 80 FT employees; B: 20 FT, 12 months of the year)
- A does not offer major medical coverage; B offers minimum essential coverage
- At least one FT employee of A receives subsidized Marketplace coverage
- Bad news! Inadequate coverage penalty applies (no MV)
- Employer is an applicable large employer with 200 FT employees for 12 months of the year
- Employer's plan provides minimum essential coverage, but covers only 55% of plan costs
- 50 FT employees receive subsidized Marketplace coverage
- Bad news! Inadequate coverage penalty applies (>9.5%)
- Employer is an applicable large employer with 300 FT employees for 12 months of the year
- Employer's plan provides minimum essential coverage & covers 70% of plan costs
- 10 FT employees earn \$2,000 per month & receive subsidized Marketplace coverage
- Employee self-only contribution is \$200 per month
- Good news! No penalty
- Employer is an applicable large employer with 500 FT employees for 12 months of the year
- Employer's plan provides minimum essential coverage & covers 75% of plan costs
- All employees earn at least \$2,000 per month
- Employee self-only contribution is \$180 per month

- Employer was above 50 for only 120 days: 4 mos X 30
- Employer satisfies seasonal worker exception & is NOT an applicable large employer
- · A is subject to the no coverage penalty; B is not
- Reduce A's penalty by proportional share of 30 (80 in 2015) (80/100, 80%)
- Penalty formula for 2016 & beyond: \$2,000 x 1/12 x 12 (80 - (30 x 80%)) =
- \$2,000 (80 24) = \$2,000 x 56 = \$112,000
- Penalty is \$112,000
- · Employer is subject to inadequate coverage penalty
- Coverage does NOT provide minimum value (55% < 60%)</li>
- Penalty formula for 2016 & beyond, the lesser of: \$3,000 x  $1/12 \times 12 \times 50 = $150,000 \text{ or } $2,000 \times 1/12 \times 12 \times (200 - 30)$ = \$2,000 x 170 = \$340,000
- Penalty is \$150,000
- Employer is subject to inadequate coverage penalty
- · Coverage provides minimum value but is unaffordable
- Determination: \$200 / \$2,000 = 10% > 9.5%
- Penalty formula for 2016 and beyond, the lesser of:  $(300 - 30) = $2,000 \times 270 = $540,000$
- Penalty is \$30,000
- Employer is not subject to play or pay tax penalties
- · Coverage provides minimum value
- Coverage is affordable for all employees (≤9.5% of wages)
- Determination: \$180 / \$2,000 = 9% ≤ 9.5%