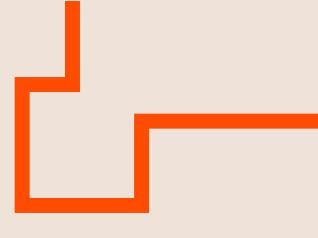
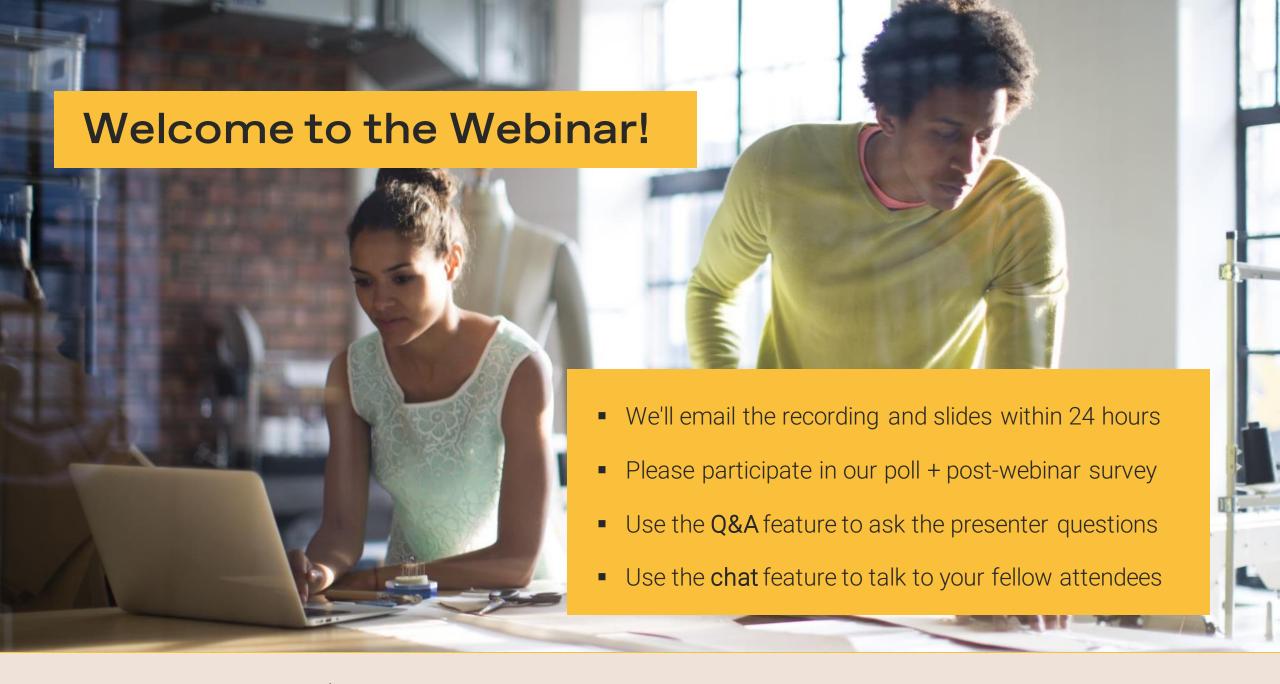
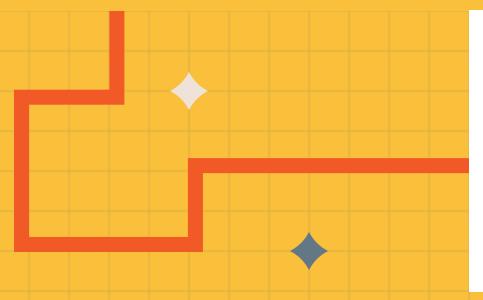
# New Manager Survival Guide & HR Essentials

Presented by Ray R., PHR, SHRM-SCP



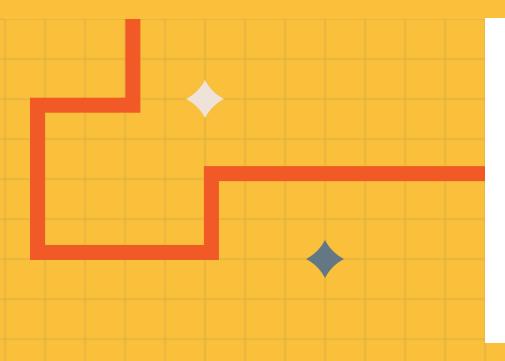






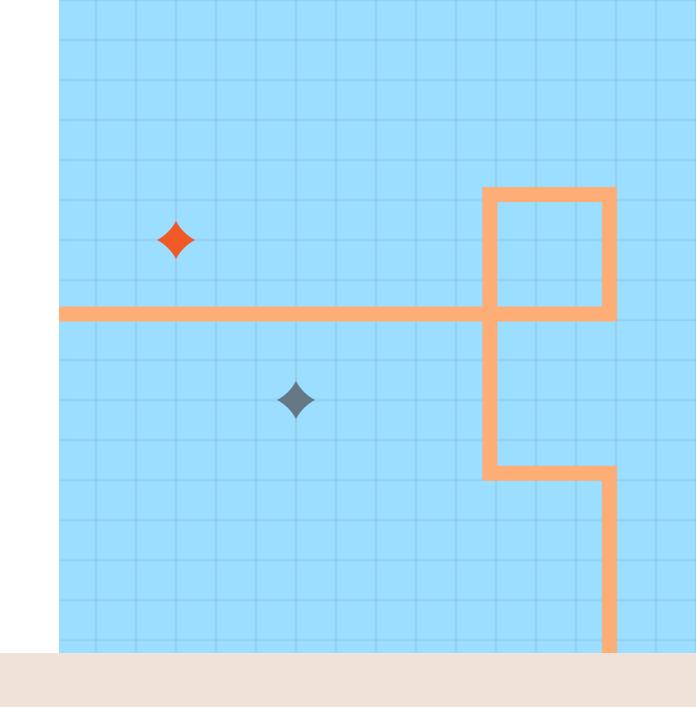
- Becoming a Manager
- Building Manager/Employee Relationships
- Maintaining Company Culture
- Setting Employees Up for Success





- Wage and Hour
- Leaves
- Disability
- Harassment
- Corrective Action
- Termination

# Part One: Succeeding as a Manager



# Becoming a Manager

# Your Role

Remember, you are the manager for a reason!

- What are your strengths?
- Why were you chosen for the job?
- Who vacated the job you're in?
- Who else was considered for the position?



# Internal vs. External Hire

### Internal

- Likely to have knowledge of the department, company, and product
- Areas of focus:
  - Developing leadership skills
  - Changing your workload
  - Learning while maintaining confidence of employees in your leadership

### External:

- Likely to have management experience
- Areas of focus:
  - Learning about the company's product and players
  - Learning from your team utilizing their knowledge
  - Pausing and understanding before making big changes

# Peer vs. Leader: Tips for the Transition



- 1. Evaluate personal relationships
- 2. Maintain professionalism at all times
- 3. Gently (but firmly) reinforce leadership role
- 4. Seek training both for you and direct reports
- 5. Look at things from an employee perspective
- 6. Be fair, honest, and consistent

# Building the Manager/Employee Relationship

# Trust

- Crucial to functioning as a team
- Helps employees feel comfortable coming to you and keeping you in the loop

## Creating trust:

- Transparency
- Coaching management style
- Fairness
- Respect
- Communication

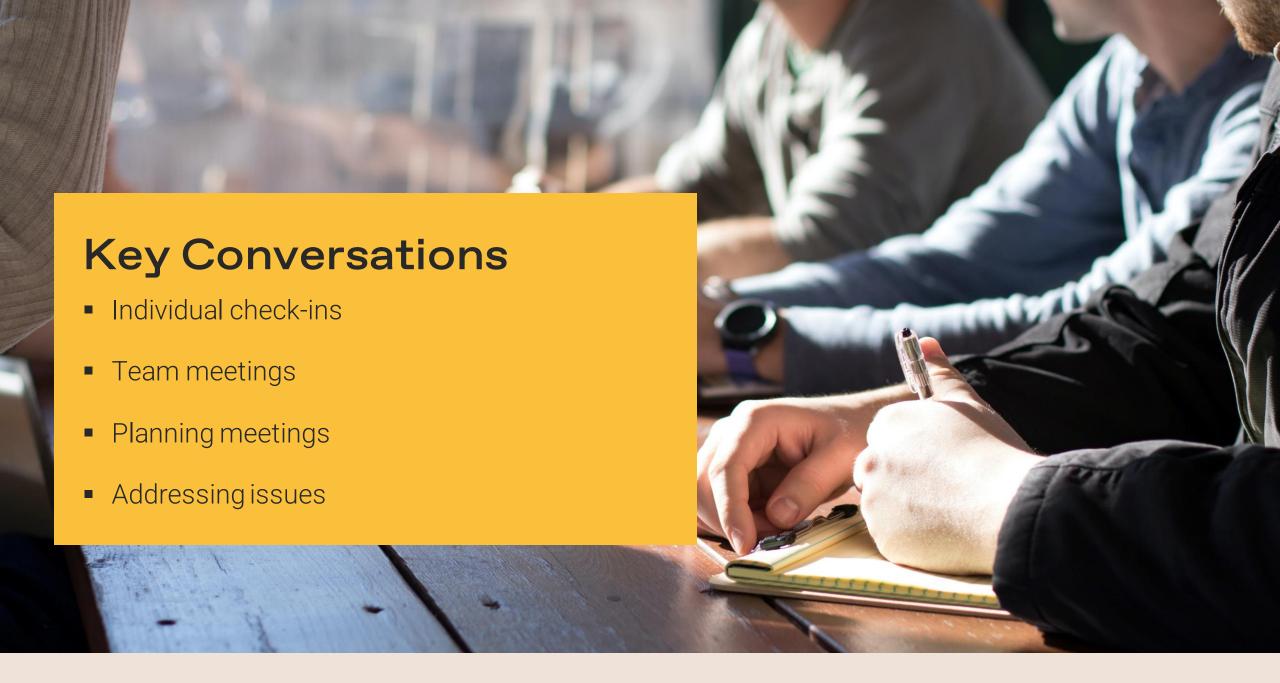
# **Communication Missteps**

Assuming that employees know what you want

Not telling an employee how they are doing

Not telling employees anything at all



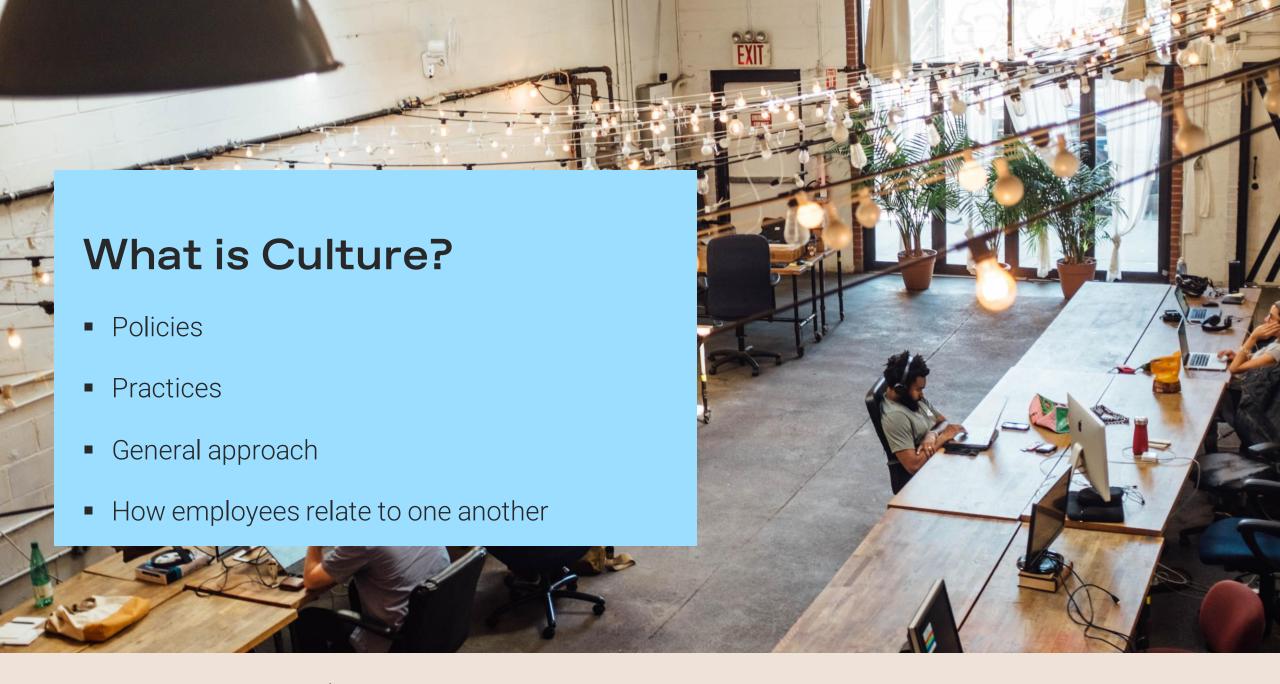


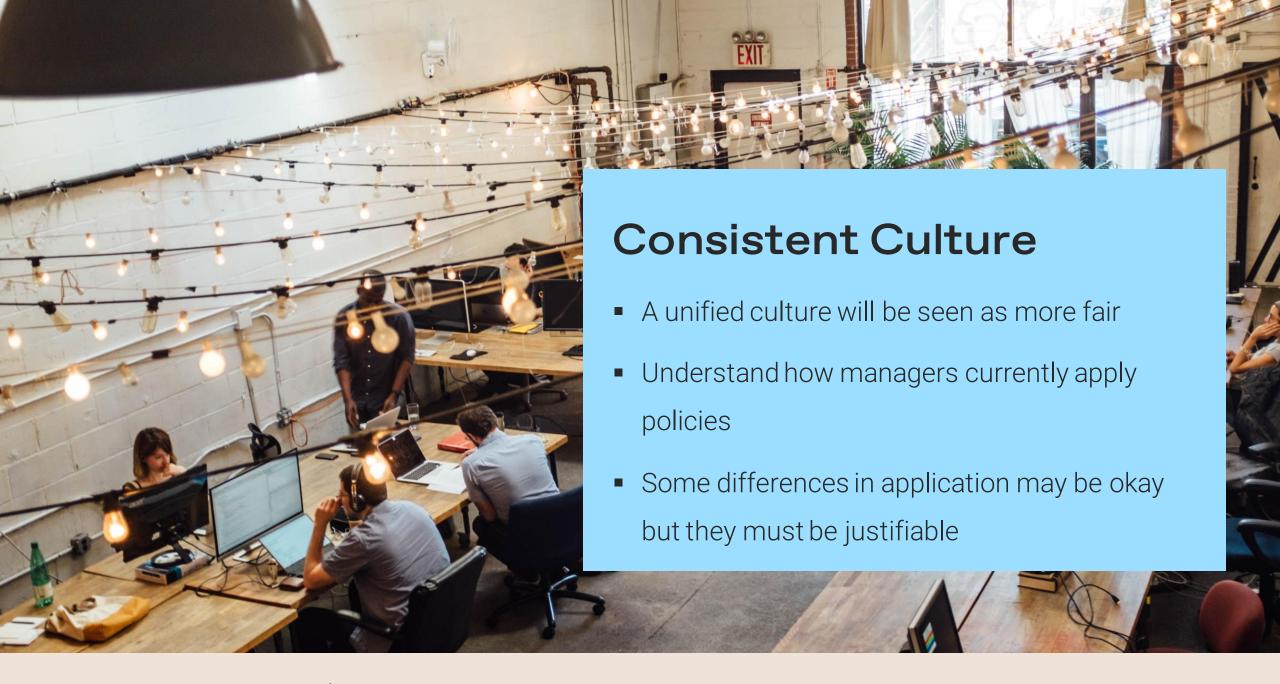
# **Nurturing Coworker Relationships**



- Nurturing and facilitating instead of fully participating
- Handling bad relationships
  - Provide support but allow the employees to try to work it out on their own
  - Understand that not all employees will be best buddies
  - Be aware of any employment decisions that may come across as favoritism or discrimination







# Setting Employees Up for Success

"As a leader...your principal job is to create an operating environment where others can do great things."

- Richard Teerlink

# Trust

### Team

- Identifying strengths and weaknesses
- Team-created goals
- Company goals for the team

### Individual

- Company/job-based goals
- Career goals

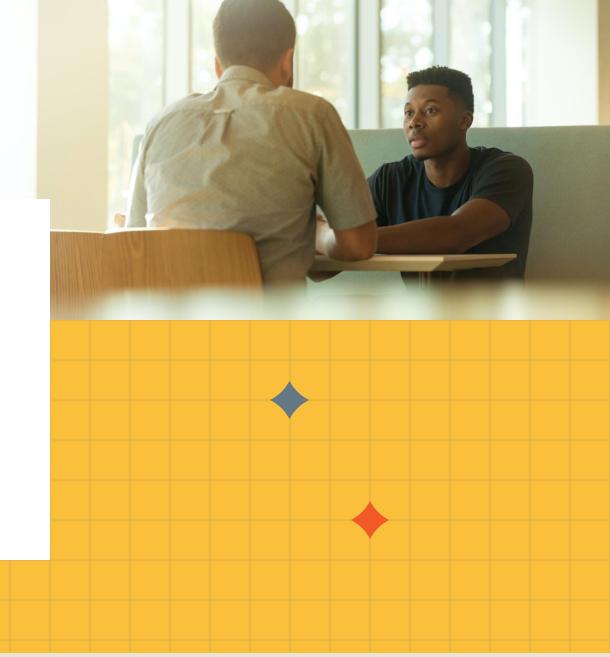
# Initial Individual Goal Setting



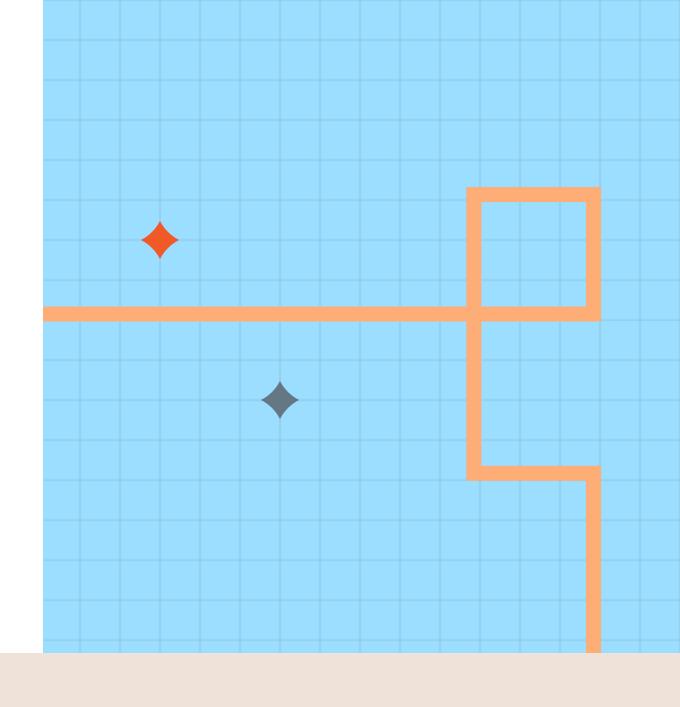
- Meet with all employees review and understand job duties
- SMART Goals
  Specific, Measurable, Attainable, Relevant, Time-Bound
- Action items and follow up

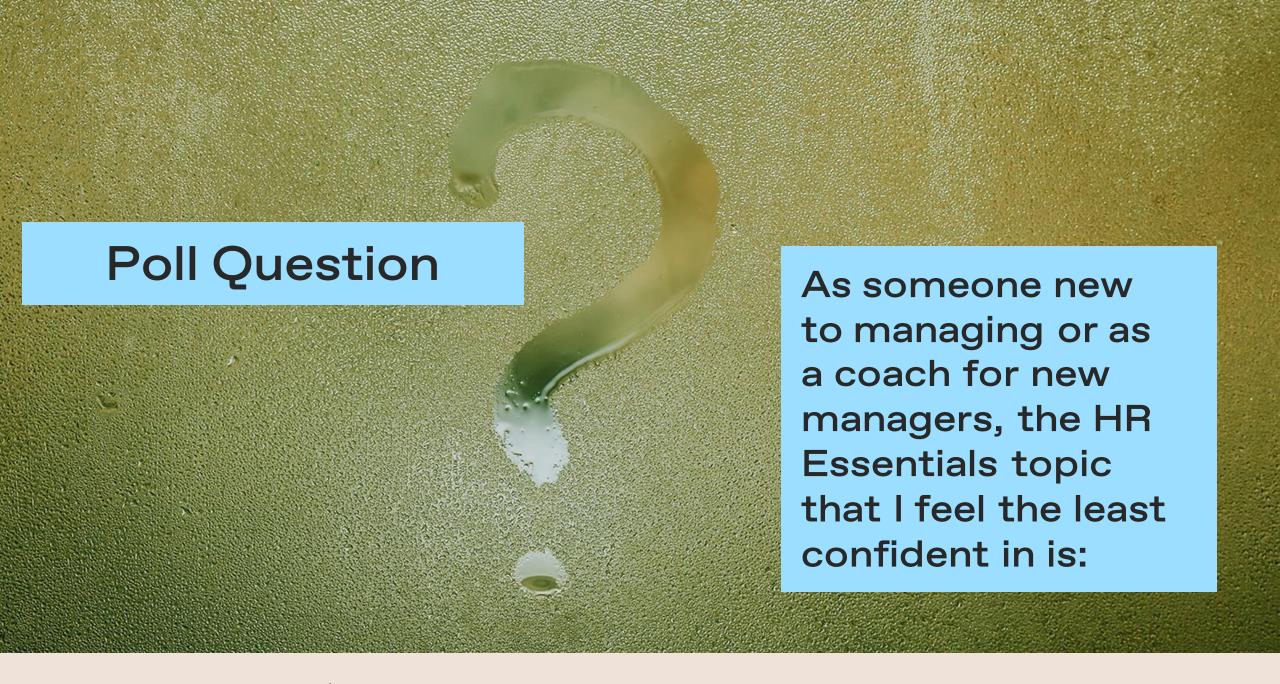
# Performance Management

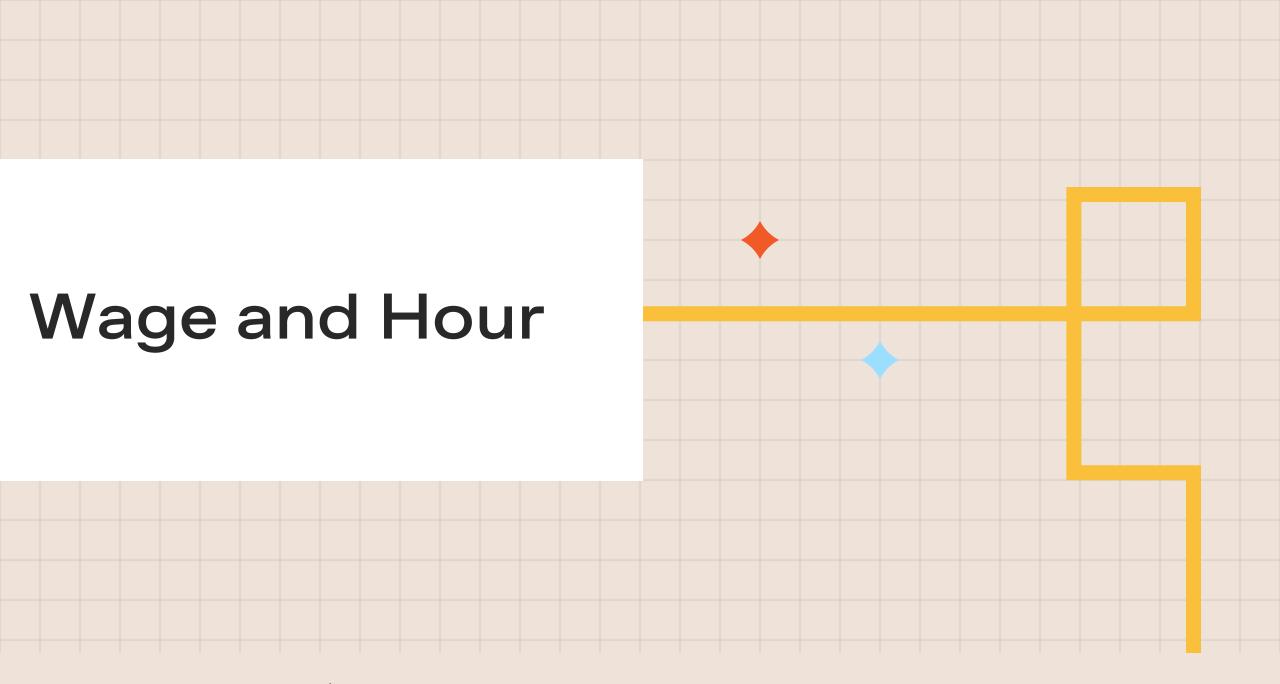
- Employee appreciation and positive feedback
- Coaching
- Discipline
- Annual evaluation



# Part Two: HR Essentials



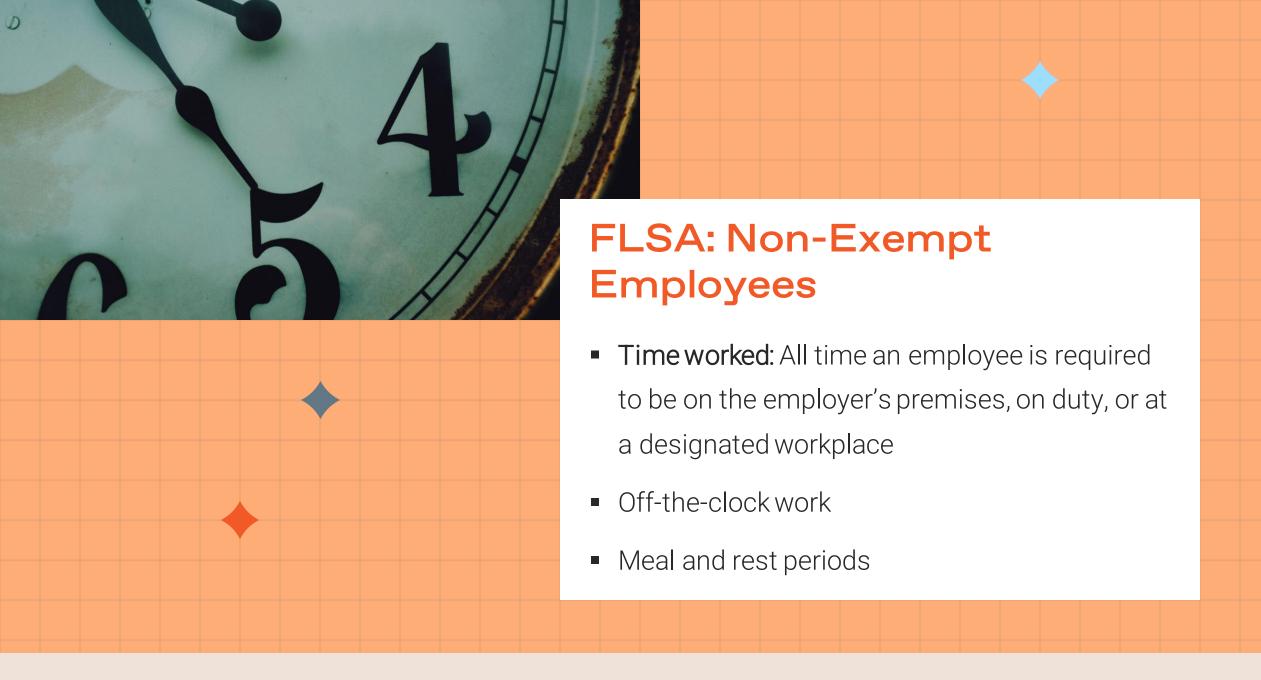


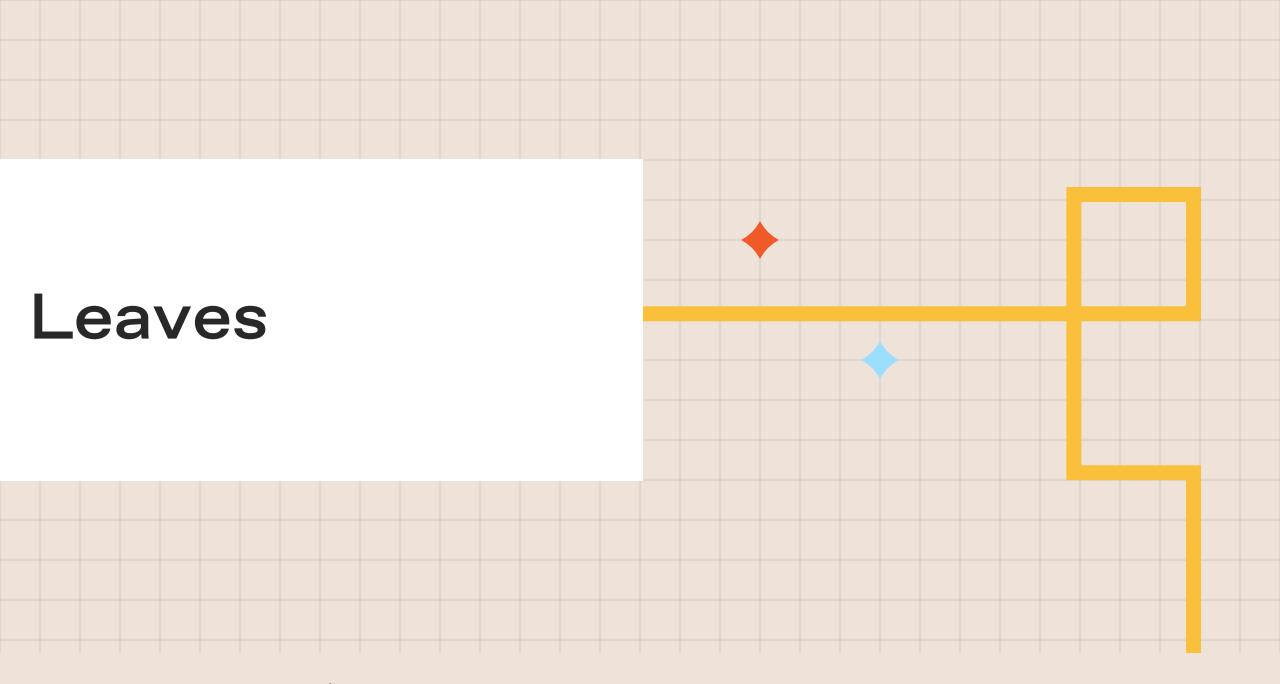


# FLSA: Non-Exempt Employees



- Hourly employees are entitled to minimum wage and overtime
- In order to be exempt, employees must:
  - Be paid on a salary basis
  - Be paid a certain minimum salary
  - Meet the duties requirements for the particular exemption



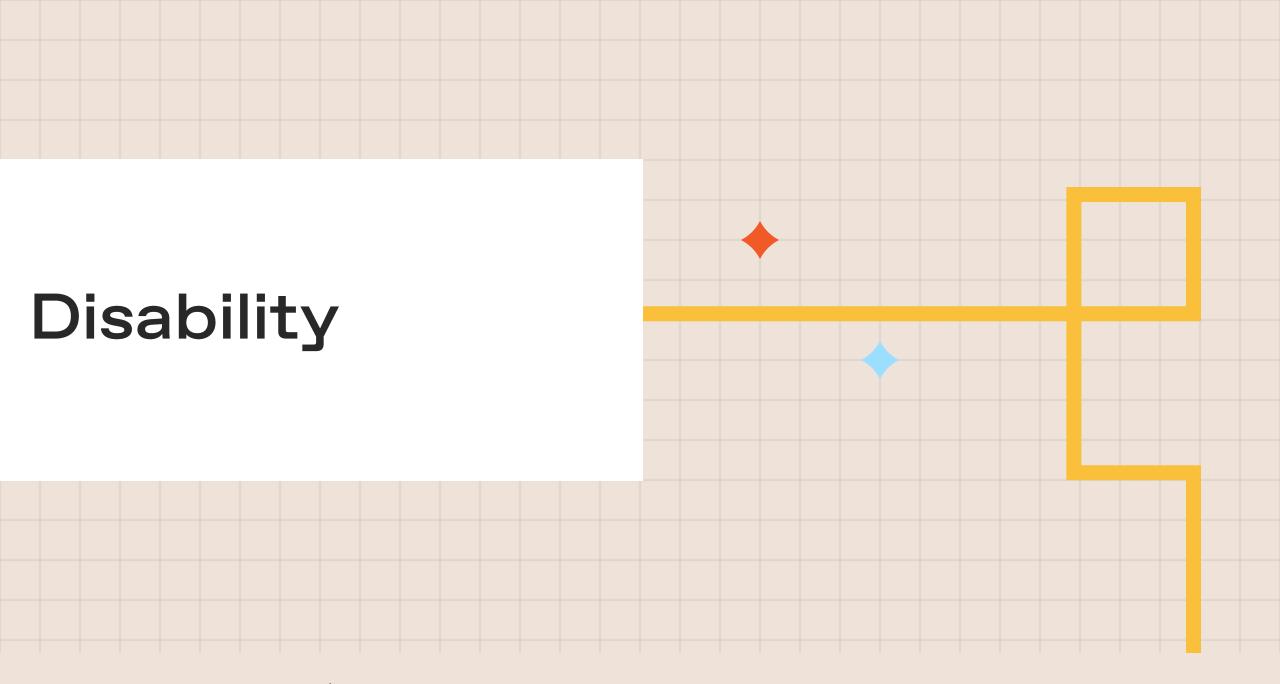


# Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA)

- Allows for 12 weeks of unpaid leave for: birth, adoption, serious health condition, or to care for a spouse/child/parent with a serious health condition
- Employees are eligible after 12 months of employment
- Allows for unpaid leave
- Defines maximum allowed leave in a 12-month period
- Employees are entitled to return to their former job







# Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA)

- Purpose: to help people with disabilities access the same employment opportunities as those without disabilities
- Requires employers to provide reasonable accommodations to qualified employees/applicants
- Reasonable accommodation: a change that accommodates employees/applicants with disabilities without causing an "undue hardship" to the employer

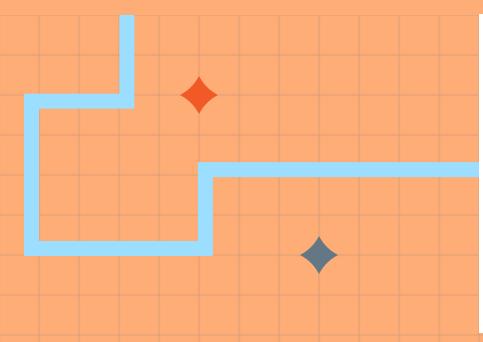


# **Disability Defined**

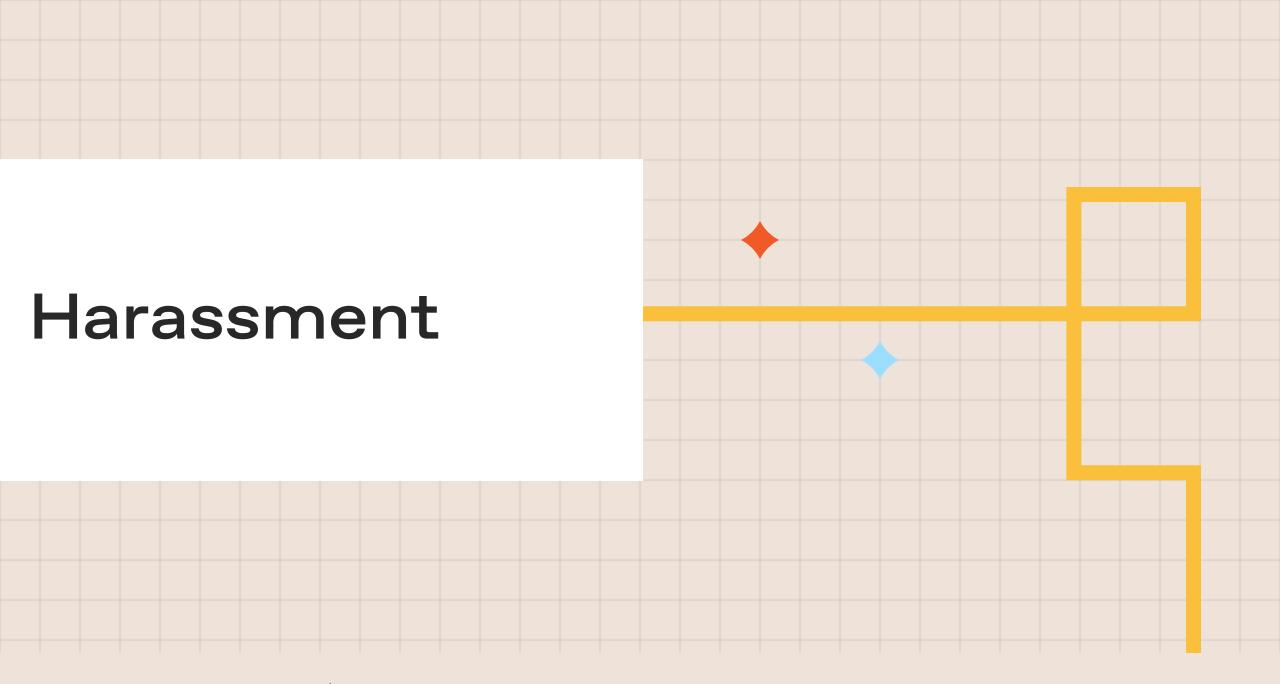


- Disability: a physical or mental impairment that substantially limits one or more major life activities
- Major life activity: a very broad and expansive definition (eating, breathing, talking, thinking, etc.)
- Not mandatory that the impairment be related to the job

# **Disability Considerations**



- HR-approved language: "Can you complete the essential job functions with or without a reasonable accommodation?"
- If disability is not obvious, the employee is responsible for requesting an accommodation
- Engage in the interactive process



# **Key Terms**

### Harassment:

Unwelcome, unwanted, or offensive conduct based on or because of an employee's protected class status

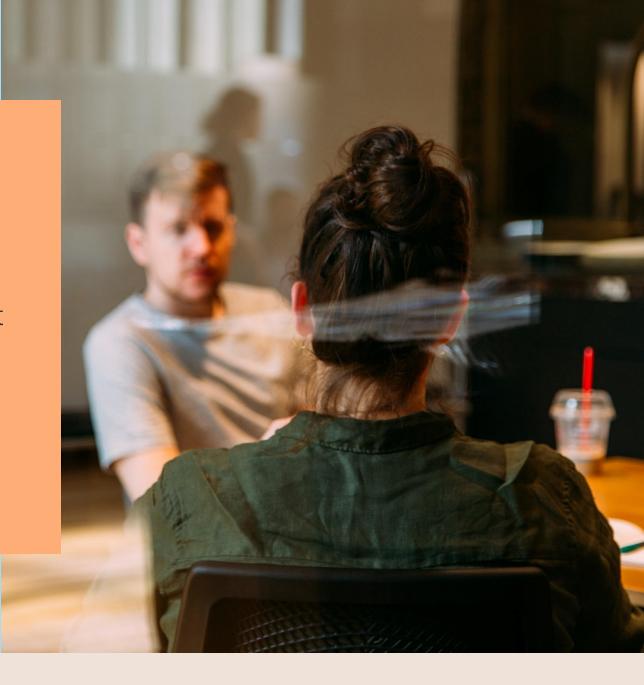
### Sexual harassment:

Unwelcome, unwanted, or offense sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, and other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature when:

- Submission to the conduct is made a term or condition of employment, or is used as basis for any employment decision
- The conduct has the purpose or effect of unreasonably interfering with an individual's work performance, or creating an intimidating, hostile, or offensive working environment

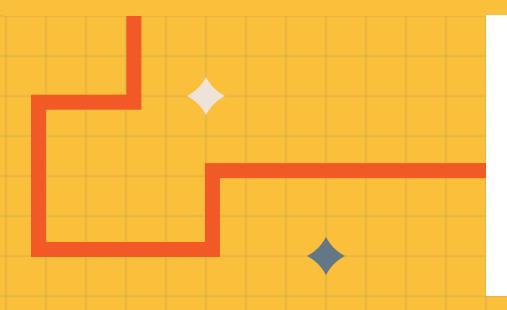
# Handling Complaints

- Complaints may arise verbally or in writing
- If you receive an employee complaint of discrimination, harassment or retaliation, that complaint should be taken seriously and investigated fully and promptly
- Don't promise confidentiality
- Don't retaliate



# Corrective Action

# Progressive Discipline



A disciplinary reaction to a specific issue that may involve: verbal counseling, written warnings, suspension, performance improvement plans, final warnings, or termination.

